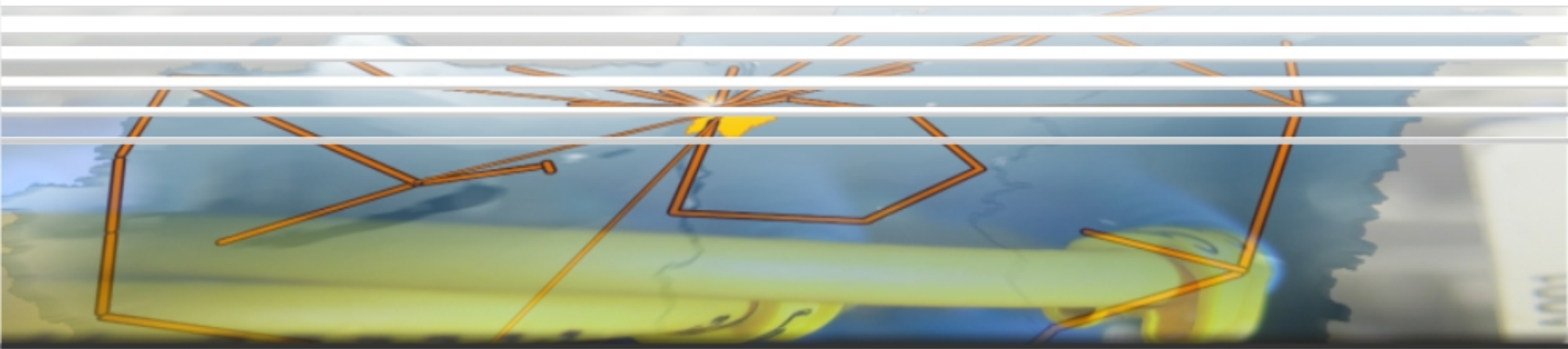


# SIP Last but not Least!



05/12/10  
Budapest / Hungary

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# Environment (Network, Management, etc.)

- Network
  - Robust no Single Point of Failure
- Server Interface bonding
  - No downtime during switch or router software upgrade.
- QoS
  - over-provisioning
  - L3 DSCP painting packets
  - L2 CoS
- VLAN
  - Separate and segment LAN
  - security
- Rapid Spanning Tree
  - Fast I2 recovery old SPT is not good enough.
- Monitor everything!
  - Network
    - Netflow, SNMP
    - Nagios, Cricket, etc.
  - Service monitoring
    - Nagios, Munin, etc.
- Avoid single hard disk failure
  - Raid (mirroring)
- Backup
  - Backup data every night
    - Bacula, rsync etc.
  - Dump database recently
- Firewall
  - router ACL
  - netfilter/iptables (ferm)

# Environment (Power / Emergency)

- Plain Old Telephony Service (POTS)
- Old features comparing to VoIP
  - reliability 99.9999%
  - local loop
  - Central Office/PBX as power source
- Voice/Video over IP
  - Power consumption
    - Green terminals (If N is big  $N \times 30\text{Watt}$  can be huge)
    - Servers reliable, low power
  - PoE
    - switch (UPS), patch panel, terminal
  - Turned off terminals
    - (Wake on LAN?)
  - UPS
    - proxy, b2bua, terminal
- Emergency
  - PSAP
    - Public Safety Answering Point
  - Emergency case Location of PSAP and caller endpoint
    - POTS
      - Location of the caller is known exactly
    - Mobile
      - not 99.9999% solution
        - » battery can be low
        - » signal can be low
        - » Network is complex, downtime, SP network can have outage
  - VoIP
    - complex
    - The location of the terminal currently mostly unknown
    - IETF ecrit WorkGroup

# Accounting, CDR, Call log

- Proxy
  - Stateless
  - Stateful (only transaction statefull!)
- UA
  - dialog stateful
- Network border UA
  - B2BUA
  - SBC
- Database
  - SQL, Radius, Diameter
- Call Rating



CDR  
Accounting  
Call log

- Per Hop Behavior (PHB)
  - DSCP(Differentiated Services Code Point)
    - 6bit
- Commonly defined Per Hop Behavior(s)
  - Expedited Forwarding(EF)  
dedicated, low-loss, low-latency
    - 101110
  - Assured Forwarding(AF)  
gives assurance of delivery under conditions
    - next slide
  - Class Selector (CS)  
backward compatibility with the IP Precedence
    - XXX000
    - CS1 = 001000, CS2 = 010000, CS3 = 011000, etc.
  - Default  
best effort
    - 000000

# Assured Forwarding Classes

	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4
Low Drop Prec	001010	010010	011010	100010
Medium Drop Prec	001100	010100	011100	100100
High Drop Prec	001110	010110	011110	100110

- Class1

- AF11 = '001010'
- AF12 = '001100'
- AF13 = '001110'

- Class2

- AF21 = '010010'
- AF22 = '010100'
- AF23 = '010110'

- Class3

- AF31 = '011010'
- AF32 = '011100',
- AF33 = '011110'

- Class4

- AF41 = '100010'
- AF42 = '100100'
- AF43 = '100110'

# QoS recommendation (based RFC4594)

Application / Service	L3		L2	IETF
	PHB	DSCP	COS	RFC
Network Control	CS6	110000	6	RFC2474
VoIP Telephony	EF	101110	5	RFC3246
Call Signaling	CS5	101000	5	RFC2474
Multimedia Conferencing	AF41,AF42,AF43	100010,100100,100110	4	RFC2597
Real-Time Interactive	CS4	100000	4	RFC2474
Multimedia Streaming	AF31,AF32,AF33	011010,011100,011110	3	RFC2597
Broadcast Video	CS3	011000	3	RFC2474
Low-Latency Data	AF21,AF22,AF23	010010,010100,010110	3	RFC2597
OAM(Operations, Administration, Management)	CS2	010000	2	RFC2474
High-Throughput Data	AF11,AF12,AF13	001010,001100,001110	1	RFC2597
Best Effort	DF(CS0)	000000	0	RFC2474
Low-Priority Data	CS1	001000	1	RFC3662

- Cisco QoS recommendation differ! they commute two PHB
  - Cisco marking Call Signaling CS3
  - Cisco marking Broadcast Video CS5
- L2 COS values based on Cisco recommendation

# Auto provisioning

- DHCP
  - Option 66 (Only one IP address or hostname can be set as value)
  - Option 150 (Can contain multiple TFTP server IP addresses for redundancy reason)
- Transport Protocols
  - Insecure
    - TFTP, HTTP, FTP
  - Secure
    - HTTPS
      - \_ Client certificate authentication
- Config file encryption
- Update endpoint after config change
  - SIP notify
  - Periodic check
- Provisioning framework
  - A Framework for Session Initiation Protocol User Agent Profile Delivery
    - <http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-sipping-config-framework-16>

# Dialplan

- processing/validating dialed number
  - sip phone dialplan
  - proxy or b2bua dialplan
- corporate extensions
  - numeric/digits
    - 4 or 3 digit
    - ISN (ITAD Subscriber Number)
      - ITAD (Internet Administrative Domain)
      - 1234\*356
      - 4.3.2.1.356.freenum.org
  - alphanumeric
    - URI
      - sip:bob@biloxi.test
      - h323:atlanta.test
      - tel:+36-1-4503084

# Hungarian dialplan (General)

- Country code
  - +36
- geographical/fixed landline
  - 1[0-9]{7}
  - 2[23456789][0-9]{6}
  - 3[234567][0-9]{6}
  - 4[2456789][0-9]{6}
  - 5[234679][0-9]{6}
  - 6[23689][0-9]{6}
  - 7[23456789][0-9]{6}
  - 8[2345789][0-9]{6}
  - 9[234569][0-9]{6}
- unused prefix
  - 3[189]
  - 4[13]
  - 5[08]
  - 6[01457]
  - 8[16]
  - 9[78]
- mobil
  - [237]0[0-9]{7}
- freephone
  - 80[0-9]{6}
- shared cost
  - 40[0-9]{6}
- internet dial-up
  - 51[0-9]{6}
- corporate network
  - 71[0-9]{6}
- geographic test number
  - 55[0-9]{6}
- nomadic
  - 21[0-9]{7}
- premium
  - 90[0-9]{6} adult
  - 91[0-9]{6}

# Hungarian dialplan (Short identifiers)

- emergency

- 104
- 105
- 107
- 112

- prefixes

- 00
  - international call
- 06
  - national call
- 13[0-1]
  - caller id hiding
- 15[0-9]{2}
  - alternative service provider prefix

- short numbers:

- 116[0-9]{3}
- 118[0-9]{2}
- 139[0-9]
- 14[01234][0-9]
- 14[56789][0-9]{2}
- 17[0-9]{1,3}
- 18[056789]
- 18[1234][0-9]
- 19[0-9]

# Directory / Phonebook

- Corporate Directory, Phonebook can be made using the SIP Terminal inbuilt LDAP or Integration API.
- LDAP (H.350?)
  - base DN
  - filter
  - mapping
- Integration API
  - XML micro browser
    - standard W3C XML browser
  - XML API
    - Vendor specific schema
    - XML RPC
- With terminal integration API very varied applications can be easily developed.
  - resource booking
  - temperature
  - etc.

# Media, DTMF, FAX

- RTP

- Real Time Transport Protocol

- RTCP

- Real Time Transport Control Protocol

- Offer Answer model

- Early Offer
- Delayed offer

- SDP

- Session Description Protocol

```
v=0
o=alice 2890844526 2890844526 IN IP4 host.biloxi.test
s=
c=IN IP4 host.biloxi.test
t=0 0
m=audio 49170 RTP/AVP 0
a=rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000
m=video 51372 RTP/AVP 31
a=rtpmap:31 H261/90000
```

- DTMF

- rfc2833(obsolated) New rfc4733, rfc4734

- named telephony event in RTP stream

- Inband rtp

- INFO

- in signaling out of band

- NOTIFY

- KPML (SUBSCRIBE - NOTIFY)

- Fax

- Inband

- T.38

- udp transport
- not rtp (QoS)
- encryption (srtp?)

# Codecs

## ● Audio

- G.711 alaw, ulaw
- G.729A
- G.722
- G.722.1
- G.722.1 Annex C
  - Polycom Siren 14
- Polycom Siren 22
- MPEG4 AAC-LD

## ● Ext.

- Automatic Gain Control
- Automatic Noise Suppression
  - keyboard, mobile, environment, etc.
- Echo Cancel

## ● Video

- H.261
- H.263
  - H.263+(1998, v2)
  - H.263++(2000, v3)
- H.264
  - AVC
  - SVC
- Theora
  - based on VP3
  - open standard
- Dirac
  - BBC

# Security

- Problems

- Software bugs
- Careless administrators
- Other mistakes

- Complex system

- VLAN L2 separation

- data
- voice

- IP Security

- filtering, firewall, ACL
  - OS based
  - Router Based

- DoS, DDoS

- SPIT

- SIP

- privacy

- Asserted Identity

- rfc4474

- TLS (hop-by-hop)

- SRTP

- Digest

- password strength
- plaintext password

- S/MIME (unused today)

- motivation

- money (access to toll calls)

- Accounting, Log

# NAT

- STUN ("Classic STUN")

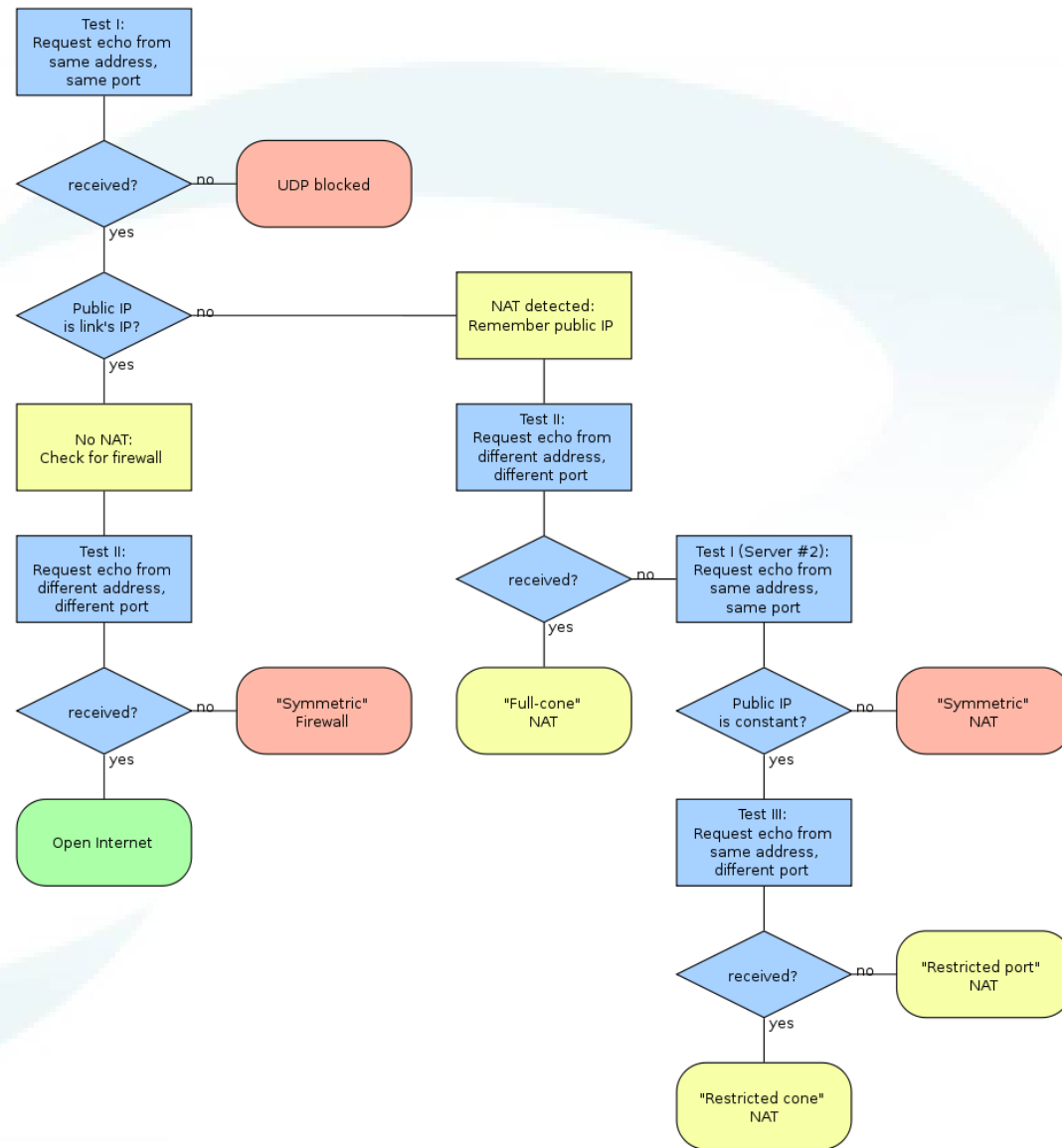
- client, server modell
- what is my outside ip and port?
- 2 different IP address
- 2 port (default 3478)
- SRV
  - \_stun.\_udp
  - \_stun.\_tcp
- NAT TYPE (obsolated)
  - Full Cone
  - Restricted Cone
  - Port Restricted Cone
  - Symmetric

- TURN (Traversal Using Relay NAT)

- Relaying data
- Symetric nat

- ICE (Interactive Connectivity Establishment)

- ICE use STUN and TURN
- offer-answer modell



# Test tools: debug, bechmark, load, torture

- Torture

- RFC4475
- RFC5118

- SIPp

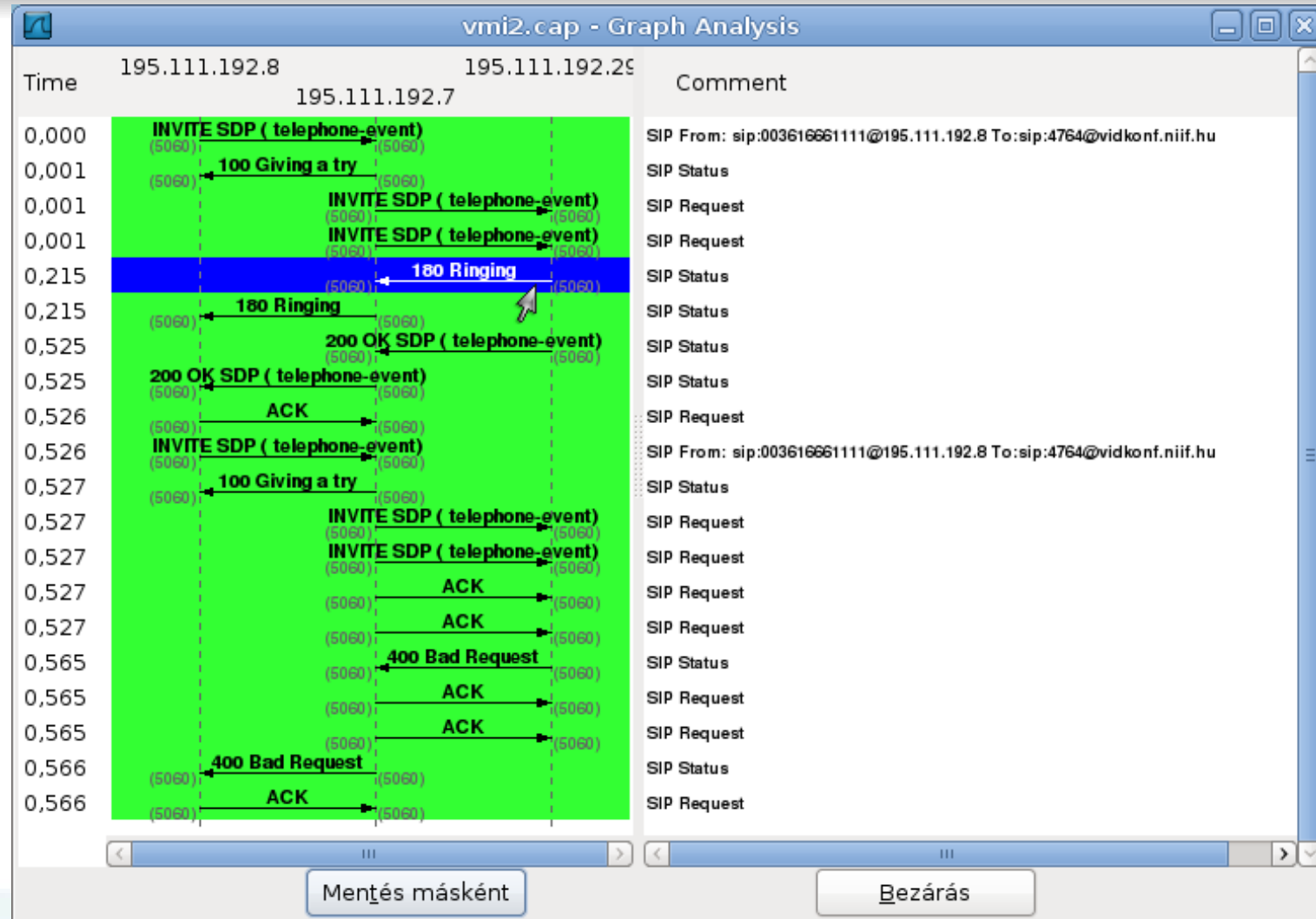
- sceanrios
- XML
  - UAC
  - UAS
  - 3PCC

- SFTF

- old

- WIRESHARK

- voip calls
- Graph analysis
- RTP reassembly



# Measurement

## MoS

- measures subjective call quality for a call.
- MOS scores range: from 1 for unacceptable to 5 for excellent.

## PESQ

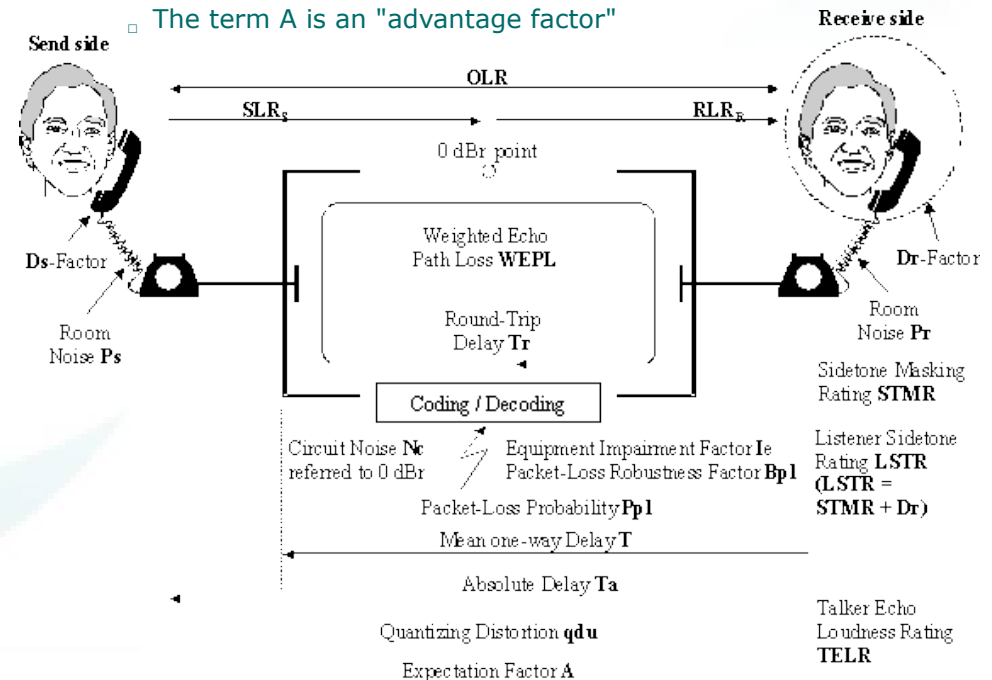
- Perceptual Evaluation of Speech Quality
- reference test signal
- requires a license from Psytechnics a spinoff from British Telecom

## ICPIF

- Calculated Planning Impairment Factor
- $I_{cpif} = I_o + I_q + I_{dte} + I_{dd} + I_e - A$ 
  - $I_o$  represents impairments caused by non-optimal loudness rating,
  - $I_q$  represents impairments caused by PCM quantizing distortion,
  - $I_{dte}$  represents impairments caused by talker echo,
  - $I_{dd}$  represents impairments caused by one-way transmission times (one-way delay),
  - $I_e$  represents impairments caused by equipment effects, such as the type of codec used for the call and packet loss, and
  - $A$  represents an access Advantage Factor

## E-Modell (R factor)

- $R = R_o - I_s - I_d - I_{e,eff} + A$ 
  - The term  $R_o$  expresses the basic signal-to-noise ratio (received speech level relative to circuit and acoustic noise).
  - The term  $I_s$  represents all impairments that occur more or less simultaneously with the voice signal, such as: too loud speech level (non-optimum OLR), non-optimum sidetone (STMR), quantization noise (qdu), etc.
  - The term  $I_d$  sums all impairments due to delay and echo effects.
  - The term  $I_{e,eff}$  is an "effective equipment impairment factor", which represents impairments caused by low bit-rate codecs. It also includes impairment due to packet-losses of random distribution.
  - The term  $A$  is an "advantage factor"



# References

- English

- <http://www.nhh.hu/dokumentum.php?cid=10780>
- <http://www.nhh.hu/dokumentum.php?cid=10746&letolt>
- <http://webold.nhh.hu/aga/common/setLanguageAction.do?lang=en>
- [http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:STUN\\_algoritmus.svg](http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:STUN_algoritmus.svg)
- <http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com12/emodelv1/tut.htm>
- [http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12\\_4/ip\\_sla/configuration/guide/hsvoipj.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/ip_sla/configuration/guide/hsvoipj.html)

- QOS

- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Differentiated\\_services](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Differentiated_services)
- <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2597>
- <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3246>
- <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2475>
- <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3260>
- <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2474>

- Hungarian

- <http://www.nhh.hu/dokumentum.php?cid=8183>
- <http://www.nhh.hu/dokumentum.php?cid=8880&letolt>
- <http://webold.nhh.hu/aga/common/setLanguageAction.do?lang=hu>
- <https://wiki.voip.niif.hu/index.php/Link>

# Thank You for Your time!

BYE sip:all@sipworkshop.hu SIP/2.0  
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP pc.sipworkshop.hu:5060;branch=z9hG4bKnashds7  
Max-Forwards: 70  
From: Mihály Mészáros <sip:misi@niif.hu>;tag=8321234356  
To: All <sip:all@sipworkshop.hu>;tag=9fxced76sl  
Call-ID: 3848276298220188511@sipworkshop.hu  
CSeq: 1 BYE  
Content-Length: 0

**Thank You!**

